

**GOVERNMENT OF NATIONAL CAPITAL TERRITORY OF DELHI**  
**DIRECTORATE OF EDUCATION**  
**(PRIVATE SCHOOL BRANCH)**  
**OLD SECRETARIAT, DELHI-110054**

No. F.DE.15 (1328)/PSB/2023/ 394-3/98

Dated: 13/04/23

**Order**

WHEREAS, **The Venkateshwar Global School (School ID - 1413289), Sector-13, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085** (hereinafter referred to as "**the School**"), run by the Ashoka Education and Welfare Society (hereinafter referred to as "**Society**"), is a private unaided school recognized by the Directorate of Education, Govt. of NCT of Delhi (hereinafter referred to as "**DoE**"), under the provisions of Delhi School Education Act & Rules, 1973 (hereinafter referred to as "**DSEAR, 1973**"). The school is statutorily bound to comply with the provisions of the DSEAR, 1973 and RTE Act, 2009, as well as the directions/guidelines issued by the DoE from time to time.

WHEREAS every school is required to file a full statement of fees every year before the ensuing academic session under section 17(3) of the Delhi School Education Act, 1973 (hereinafter read as '**the Act**') with the Director. Such statement will indicate estimated income of the school derived from fees, estimated current operational expenses towards salaries and allowances payable to employees etc in terms of Rule 177(1) of the Delhi School Education Rules, 1973 (hereinafter read as '**the Rules**').

AND WHEREAS, as per section 18(5) of the Act read with section 17(3), 24 (1) of the Act and Rule 180 (3) of the DSEA & R, 1973, responsibility has been conferred upon the Director (Education) to examine the audited financial, account and other records maintained by the school at least once in each financial year. The Section 18(5) and Section 24(1) of the Act and Rule 180 (3) have been reproduced as under:

Section 18(5): '*the managing committee of every recognised private school shall file every year with the Director such duly audited financial and other returns as may be prescribed, and every such return shall be audited by such authority as may be prescribed*'

Section 24(1): '*every recognised school shall be inspected at least once in each financial year in such manner as may be prescribed*'

Rule 180 (3): '*the account and other records maintained by an unaided private school shall be subject to examination by the auditors and inspecting officers authorised by the Director in this behalf and also by officers authorised by the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India.*'

Thus, the Director (Education) has the authority to examine the full statement of fees filled under section 17(3) of the DSEA, 1973 and returns and documents submitted under section 18(5) of DSEA, 1973 read with rule 180 (1) of DSER, 1973

AND WHEREAS, besides the above, the Director (Education) is also required to examine and evaluate the fee hike proposal submitted by the private unaided recognized schools which have been allotted land by the DDA/ other land-owning agencies with the condition in their allotment to seek prior approval from Director (Education) before any increase in fee.



AND WHEREAS, besides the above, the Hon'ble Supreme Court in the judgment dated 27.04.2004 passed in Civil Appeal No. 2699 of 2001 titled Modern School Vs. Union of India and others has conclusively decided that under section 17(3), 18(4) read along with rule 172, 173, 175 and 177 of the Rules, Directorate of Education has the authority to regulate the fee and other charges to prevent the profiteering and commercialization of education.

AND WHEREAS, it was also directed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court to the Director of Education in the aforesaid matter titled Modern School Vs. Union of India and others in Para 27 and 28 in case of Private unaided Schools situated on the land allotted by DDA at concessional rates that:

*"27 (c) It shall be the duty of the Director of Education to ascertain whether terms of allotment of land by the Government to the schools have been complied with..."*

*28. We are directing the Director of Education to look into the letters of allotment issued by the Government and ascertain whether they (terms and conditions of land allotment) have been complied with by the schools.....*

*.....If in a given case, Director finds non-compliance of above terms, the Director shall take appropriate steps in this regard."*

AND WHEREAS, the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi vide its judgement dated 19.01.2016 in writ petition No. 4109/2013 in the matter of Justice for All versus Govt. of NCT of Delhi and others has reiterated the aforesaid directions of the Hon'ble Supreme Court and has directed the Director of Education to ensure the compliance of term, if any, in the letter of allotment regarding the increase of the fee by all the recognized unaided schools which are allotted land by DDA/ land owing agencies.

AND WHEREAS, accordingly, the DoE vide Order No. F.DE-15(40)/PSB/2019/4440-4412 dated 08.06.2022, directed all the private unaided recognized schools, running on the land allotted by DDA/other land-owning agencies at concessional rates or otherwise, with the condition to seek prior approval of DoE for increase in fee, to submit their proposals, if any, for prior sanction, for increase in fee for the academic session 2022-23

AND WHEREAS, in pursuance to Order dated 08.06.2022 of the DoE, the School submitted its proposal for enhancement of fee for the academic session 2022-23. Accordingly, this Order dispenses the proposal for enhancement of fee submitted by school for the academic session 2022-23.

AND WHEREAS, in order to ensure that the proposals submitted by the schools for fee increase are justified or not, this Directorate has deployed teams of Chartered Accountants at HQ level who has evaluated the fee increase proposals of the school very carefully in accordance with the provisions of the DSEA, 1973, the DSER, 1973 and other orders/ circulars issued from time to time by DoE.

AND WHEREAS, in the process of examination of the fee hike proposal filed by the aforesaid school, necessary records and explanations were also called from the school through email dated 22.02.2023. The school was also provided an opportunity to be heard on 28.02.2023 to present its justifications/clarifications on the fee increase proposal. Based on the discussion with the school during a personal hearing, the school was further asked to submit the necessary documents and clarification on



various issues noted. In the aforesaid personal hearing, compliance of Order No. FD.E 15/ (539)/PSB/2022/3157-3161 dated 19.05.2022 issued for FY 2019-20 were also discussed with the school and the school's submissions were taken on record

AND WHEREAS, on receipt of clarification as well as documents uploaded on the web portal for the fee hike post personal hearing, the fee hike proposal was evaluated by the team of Chartered Accountants and the key suggestions noted for improvement by the school are hereunder:

**A. Financial Suggestion for Improvements**

1. Clause No. 2 of Public Notice dated 04.05.1997 states *"It is the responsibility of the society who has established the school to raise such funds from their own sources or donations from the other associations because the immovable property of the school becomes the sole property of the society"*. Additionally, Hon'ble High Court of Delhi in its judgement dated 30.10.1998 titled Delhi Abibhavak Mahasangh concluded states *"the tuition fee cannot be fixed to recover capital expenditure to be incurred on the properties of the society."* Also, Clause (vii) (c) of Order No. F.DE/15/Act/2K/243/KKK/ 883-1982 dated 10.02.2005 issued by this Directorate states *"Capital expenditure cannot constitute a component of the financial fee structure."*

Also, Rule 177 of DSER, 1973 states *"Income derived by an unaided recognized school by way of fees shall be utilized in the first instance, for meeting the pay, allowances and other benefits admissible to the employees of the school. Provided that, savings, if any, from the fees collected by such school may be utilized by its management committee for meeting capital or contingent expenditure of the school, or for one or more of the following educational purposes, namely award of scholarships to students, establishment of any other recognized school, or assisting any other school or educational institution, not being a college, under the management of the same society or trust by which the first mentioned school is run. The aforesaid savings shall be arrived at after providing for the following, namely:*

- a) *Pension, gratuity and other specified retirement and other benefits admissible to the employees of the school.*
- b) *The needed expansion of the school or any expenditure of a developmental nature.*
- c) *The expansion of the school building or for the expansion or construction of any building or establishment of hostel or expansion of hostel accommodation.*
- d) *Co-curricular activities of the students.*
- e) *Reasonable reserve fund, not being less than ten percent, of such savings.*

Therefore, based on the above-mentioned provisions, the cost relating to land and construction of the school building should be borne by the society running the school and school funds, i.e., fees collected from the students should not be used for the purchase of land and construction of the school building. In this regard, it is also important to mention that society was allotted an institutional land at very low cost compared to the price of commercial and as well as residential land of that nearby locality. The reason for allotment of land as such low cost was the society came up with the offer to do noble work in the field of education and run the school in Delhi on charity and on a "no profit and no loss" basis. In its offer the society also undertook to execute this work from its resources or by arranging funds through donations, subscriptions, or any other legal possible manner. Based on the noble grounds, the DoE had recommended to the land-owning



agencies for-allotment of land to society which would otherwise not be possible for the society to have such a prime land at this cost in such posh location.

Accordingly, if the DoE finds any deviation or non-compliance in any condition of land allotment letter, the society as well as the school are bound to comply and honour that immediately as per the direction of the DoE. Society cannot always claim the protection of Article 19(1)(g), 21 & 30 of the Constitution of India for non-interference by the DoE. Because the main source (i.e., land) which was required to establish and run the school was supported by DoE by recommending to land owning agency to allotment the land to the society. After considering the recommendation of the DoE, a clause was included in the land allotment letter of the school that the school shall not increase the fee without the prior sanction of the Director (Education) and shall follow the provisions of the Delhi School Education Act/Rules, 1973 and other instructions issued by the department from time to time.

The DoE in its Order No. FD.E 15/ (539)/PSB/2022/3157-3161 dated 19.05.2022 issued to the school post evaluation of fee hike proposal for academic session 2019-20, noted that the school had incurred capital expenditure on construction of building and repayment of loans and interest thereon amounting to INR 6,59,80,727 in FY 2016-17 to 2018-19. The expenditure was incurred without complying with the aforesaid mentioned provisions. Therefore, the school was directed to recover INR 6,59,80,727 from society which is still pending for recovery.

Therefore, the total expenditure incurred by the school amounting to INR 6,59,80,727 on construction of the school building and repayment of loans and interest is still recoverable from the society being the responsibility of the society. Accordingly, it has been again included while deriving the fund position of the school with the direction to the school to recover this amount from society within 30 days from the date of issue of this order. Non-compliance with this directive would be taken seriously, and the department would take appropriate action against the school under Section 24(4) of the DSEA, 1973 without providing further opportunity to be heard to the school.

2. Clause (vii) (c) of \Order No. F.DE/15/Act/2K/243/KKK/ 883-1982 dated 10.02.2005 issued by this Directorate states "*Capital expenditure cannot constitute a component of the financial fee structure.*"

Section 18(4) of DSEA, 1973 states "*Income derived by unaided school by way of fees shall be utilized only for such educational purpose as may be prescribed*". And Rule 176 of the DSER, 1973 states "*Income derived from collections for specific purposes shall be spent only for such purpose.*"

The DoE in its Order No. FD.E 15/ (539)/PSB/2022/3157-3161 dated 19.05.2022 issued to the school post evaluation of fee hike proposal for academic session 2019-20 noted that school had spent INR 51,30,998 on purchase of buses and repayment of its loan and interest thereon. As the expenditure was incurred without complying with the above-mentioned provisions. Accordingly, the school was directed to recover INR 51,30,998 from society which is still pending for recovery.

Further, on review of audited financial statements, noted that instead of recovering the aforesaid amount from the society, the school had further repaid INR 42,24,014 towards loan and INR 3,37,818 towards interest thereon.





Therefore, the total amount of INR 96,92,830 i.e. (INR 52,21,669 plus INR 42,24,014 plus INR 3,37,818) utilized by the school for purchase of buses and its repayment of loans is still recoverable from the society and has been included in the fund position with the school with the direction to the school to recover this amount from society within 30 days from the date of issue of this order. Non-compliance with this directive would be taken seriously, and the department would take appropriate action against the school under Section 24(4) of the DSEA, 1973 without giving any further opportunity to the school.

3. The DoE in its Order No. . FD.E 15/ (539)/PSB/2022/3157-3161 dated 19.05.2022 issued to the school post evaluation of fee hike proposal for academic session 2019-20 and its previous orders noted that the school had paid INR 3,58,08,412 as interest on unsecured loans without executing the formal contract with the lenders. Whereas the major loans were utilized for constructing the school building. Accordingly, the school was directed to recover INR 3,58,08,412 from the society which is still pending for recovery.

Therefore, the total amount of INR 3,58,08,412 utilized by school for making payment of interest on unsecured loans has been included in the fund position of the school with the direction to the school to recover the amount from the society.

4. Para 7.14 of AS-15 "*Employee Benefit*" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) states 'Plan Assets as:
  - a. assets held by a long-term employee benefit fund; and
  - b. qualifying insurance policies."

Further, the para 57 of the AS-15 states "*an enterprise should determine the present value of defined benefit obligations and the fair value any plan assets with sufficient regularity that the amounts recognized in the financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the balance sheet date.*"

Review of the audited financial statements of FY 2021-22 revealed that the school has recorded liability for retirement benefits (*gratuity*) in accordance with the actuarial valuation report. As per the actuarial valuation report the total liability for retirement benefits (*gratuity*) were INR 1,52,13,104. However, the school has neither obtained the actuarial valuation report for leave encashment nor recognized any liability with respect to it.

Against the total liability for retirement benefits, the school has not invested any amount with LIC. Therefore, no amount has been considered while deriving the fund position of the school. Similar observation was also noted while evaluating the fees hike proposal for academic session 2019.20. Accordingly, the school is once again directed to invest the amount in plan assets within 30 days from the date of issue of this order. Non-compliance with the above direction shall be viewed seriously in accordance with the provisions of Section 24(4) of the DSEA, 1973 while evaluating the fee hike proposal for the subsequent academic session.



## B. Other Suggestion for Improvements

1. From a review of documents submitted by the school post personal hearing, the following has been noted with respect to the Fixed Asset Register (FAR) maintained by the school:

- No tagging of the assets has been done in Fixed Assets Register (FAR) and location is not identified due to which assets could not be physically verified.
- Depreciation for the individual assets is not recorded in the FAR, only cost of the assets is available in the FAR and WDV of the assets is not available.
- Invoice number, manufacturer's serial number and location of the asset is not mentioned in the fixed assets register.

Therefore, the School is hereby directed to prepare a FAR, which should include details such as asset description, purchase date, supplier name, invoice number, manufacturer's serial number, location, purchase cost, other costs incurred, depreciation, asset identification number, etc. to facilitate identification of asset and documenting complete details of assets at one place. The school is further directed to comply with the directions for preparing FAR with relevant details mentioned above according to the process for periodic physical verification of assets and documenting the results of physical verification of assets. The same shall be verified at the time of evaluation of the fee hike proposal for subsequent years. This being a procedural finding, no financial impact is warranted on the fund position of the school.

2. The school is not complying with the DoE Order No.F.DE.15/Act-I/08155/2013/5506-5518 dated 04.06.2012 as well as the conditions specified in the land allotment letter which require that the school should provide 25% reservation for children belonging to EWS/DG category. Therefore, the school is directed to ensure admission in accordance with the aforesaid order. Further, the school is also required to provide uniform and textbooks to the EWS/DG category students. However, from the audited financial statements, the expenditure incurred by the school towards uniform and textbooks cannot be determined. During personal hearing the school has explained that due to paucity of funds school has not given books and uniforms to the EWS students.

Therefore, the concerned Deputy Director Districted are requested to ensure compliance with this regard by the school. From the information provided by the school, the percentage of admission allowed to the school to EWS is provided below.

Particulars	FY 2022-23
Total Students	2,697
EWS Students	444
% of EWS students	16.46%

**After detailed examination of all the material on record and considering the clarification submitted by the School, it was finally evaluated/ concluded that:**

- i. The total funds available for the FY 2022-23 amounting to **INR 32,36,98,200** out of which cash outflow for the FY 2022-23 is estimated to be **INR 36,25,49,121**. This results in deficit of **INR 3,88,50,921** after meeting all expenditures. The details are as follows:



Particulars	Amount (INR)
Cash and Bank balances as on 31.03.2022 as per Audited Financial Statement	39,75,899
Investments as on 31.03.2022 as per Audited Financial Statement	8,92,309
Bank OD as on 31.03.2022 as per Audited Financial Statement	(3,58,08,412)
<b>Liquid fund as on 31.03.2022</b>	<b>(3,09,40,204)</b>
Add: Amount recoverable from society for amount incurred on building construction (Refer Financial suggestion No.1)	6,59,80,727
Add: Amount recoverable from society for interest payment on unsecured loans and OD limit (Refer Financial suggestion No.2)	1,38,67,467
Add: Amount recoverable from society for repayment of loans on cars and buses (Refer Financial suggestion No.3)	96,92,830
Add: Fees for FY 2021-22 as per Audited Financial Statements (Refer Note No. 1 Below)	30,92,64,938
Add: Other income for FY 2021-22 as per audited Financial Statements (Refer Note No. 1 Below)	1,88,61,408
Add: Additional income towards annual and development fee (Refer Note No. 1 Below)	1,19,90,235
Less: Arrears of FY 2020-21 received in FY 2021-22 (Refer Note No. 1 Below)	6,62,33,084
Less: Non Cash income (Refer Note No. 1 Below)	1,81,67,896
Add: Fee hike Order of FY 2019-20 (5%) (Refer Note 2 below)	1,03,82,098
<b>Total available funds for FY 2022-23</b>	<b>32,46,98,519</b>
Less: FDR in joint name of CBSE & Manager	8,92,309
Less: Development Fund as per Audited Financial Statements of FY 31.03.2022	1,08,010
Less: Investment made with LIC against provision made for retirement benefits (Refer Financial Suggestion No. 4)	-
Less Depreciation reserve fund as on 31.03.2022 (Refer Note No. 3 Below)	-
<b>Estimated Available Funds for FY 2022-23</b>	<b>32,36,98,200</b>
Less: Budgeted Expenditure as provided by the school (Refer Note No. 4 and 5 Below)	33,52,60,145
Less: Arrears of 7th CPC & DA (Refer Note No. 6 Below)	2,72,88,976
<b>Estimated Deficit</b>	<b>3,88,50,921</b>

**Note 1:** The Department vide its order No.F.No.PS/DE/2020/55 dated 18.04.2020 and order No.F.No.PS/DE/2020/3224-3231 dated 28.08.2020 issued guidelines regarding the chargeability of fees during the pandemic COVID 2019. The department in both the above-mentioned orders directed to the management of all the private schools not to collect any fee except the tuition fee irrespective of the fact whether running on the private land or government land allotted by DDA/other government land owing agencies and not to increase any fee in academic session 2020-21 till further direction.

Further, the department in pursuance of the order dated 31.05.2021 in WPC 7526/2020 of Single Bench of the Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and interim order dated 07.06.2021 in LPA 184/2021 of the Division Bench of Hon'ble High Court of Delhi and to prevent the profiteering and commercialisation, directed to the management of all the petitioners private unaided recognised schools through its order No. F. No.DE.15(114)/PSB/2021/2165-2174 dated 01.07.2021:

- (i) "to collect annual school fee (only all permitted heads of fees) from their students as fixed under the DSEAR, 1973 for the academic year 2020-21, but by providing deduction of 15% on that amount in lieu of unutilized facilities by the students during the relevant period of



academic year 2020-21". And if the school has collected the fee in excess to the direction issued by the Hon'ble Court, the same shall be refunded to the parents or adjusted in the subsequent month of fee or refund to the parents.

(ii) The amount so payable by the concerned students be paid in six equal monthly instalments w.e.f. 10.06.2021.

(iii) The above arrangement will also be applicable with respect to collection of fees for academic session 2021-22.

From review of the audited financial statements for FY 2021-22 and based on the further information provided by the school, it has been noted that the school has reported 85% of the annual charges and development charges its audited financial statements of FY 2021-22. Therefore, the income collected by the school during the FY 2021-22 with respect to annual charges and development fee has been grossed up in order after deducting the income of FY 2020-21 to make comparative income with the FY 2022-23. The detailed calculation has been provided below.

Particulars	Income as per AFS of FY 2021-22	Income Considered in the Above Table	Remarks
Tuition Fee	17,50,41,788	17,50,41,788	
Annual Charges	4,69,79,246	5,52,69,701	The school recorded 85% of these income as per DoE order. Therefore, it has been grossed up in order to determine the normal income of the school.
Development fund	2,09,65,420	2,46,65,200	

Similarly, arrears of annual charges and development fund amounting to INR 6,62,33,084 has been excluded while calculating fund position of the school for academic session 2022-23.

Further, non-cash income with respect to liability written back and effect of Para-99 of guidance note 21 amounting to INR 1,81,67,896 has been excluded from the fund position of the school.

**Note 2:** Calculation of impact of fee hike order of FY 2019-20:

Particulars	Amount (INR)
Fees as per audited FY 2018-19	27,68,55,954
Fees hike allowed to the school w.e.f. 1 July 2022	5.00%
Impact of fee hike for 9 months (01.07.2022 to 31.03.2023)	1,03,82,098

# Fees includes Tuition fees, annual charges & Development fee.

**Note 3:** As per the Duggal Committee report, there are four categories of fees that can be charged by a private unaided School. The first category of fee comprised of "Registration fee and all one Time Charges" levied at the time of admissions such as admission and caution money. The second category of fee comprises 'Tuition Fee' which is to be fixed to cover the standard cost of the establishment and to cover the expenditure of revenue nature for the improvement of curricular facilities like library, laboratories, science, and computer fee up to class X and examination fee.



The third category of the fee should consist of 'Annual Charges' to cover all expenditure not included in the second category and the fourth category consist of all 'Earmarked Levies' for the services rendered by the school and be recovered only from the 'User' students. These charges are transport fee, swimming pool charges, Horse riding, tennis, midday meals etc. This recommendation has been considered by the Directorate while issuing order No. DE.15/Act/Duggal.com/203/99/23033-23980 dated 15.12.1999 and order No. F.DE./15(56)/Act/2009/778 dated 11.02.2009.

The purpose of each head of the fee has been defined and it is nowhere defined the usage of development fee or any other head of fee for investments against depreciation reserve fund.

Further, Clause 7 of order No. DE.15/Act/Duggal.com/203/99/23033-23980 dated 15.12.1999 and clause 14 of the order no F.DE./15(56)/Act/2009/778 dated 11.02.2009, "*development fee, not exceeding 15% of the total annual tuition fee may be charged for supplementing the resources for purchase, upgradation and replacement of furniture, fixture and equipment. Development fee, if required to be charged, shall be treated as capital receipt and shall be collected only if the school is maintaining a Depreciation Reserve Fund, equivalent to the depreciation charged in the revenue accounts and the collection under this head along with and income generated from the investment made out of this fund will be kept in a separately maintained Development Fund Account*". Thus, the above direction provides for:

- Not to charge development fee for more than 15% of tuition fee.
- Development fee will be used for purchase, upgradation and replacement of furniture, fixtures, and equipment.
- Development fee will be treated as capital receipts.
- Depreciation reserve fund is to be maintained.

Thus, the creation of the depreciation reserve fund is a pre-condition for charging of development fee, as per above provisions and the decision of Hon'ble Supreme court in the case of Modern School Vs Union of India & Ors.: 2004(5) SCC 583. Even the Clause 7 of the above direction does not require to maintain any investments against depreciation reserve fund. Also, as per para 99 of Guidance Note-21 'Accounting by School' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India states "Where the fund is meant for meeting capital expenditure, upon incurrence of the expenditure, the relevant asset account is debited which is depreciated as per the recommendations contained in this Guidance Note. Thereafter, the concerned restricted fund account is treated as deferred income, to the extent of the cost of the asset, and is transferred to the credit of the income and expenditure account in proportion to the depreciation charged every year."

Accordingly, the depreciation reserve (that is to be created equivalent to the depreciation charged in the revenue account) is mere of an accounting head for the appropriate accounting treatment of depreciation in the books of account of the school in accordance with Guidance Note -21 issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Thus, there is no financial impact of depreciation reserve on the fund position of the School. Accordingly, the depreciation reserve fund has not been considered while deriving the fund position of the School.

**Note 4:** All budgeted expenditure of the school has been considered while deriving the fund position of the school except the following:



Particulars	Expenditure as per Budgeted of FY 2022-23	Disallowed	Remarks
Transport Expenses	2,57,00,000	2,57,00,000	Neither Income nor expenditure has been considered
Digital Education Expenses	1,20,00,000	1,20,00,000	The school has introduced new head of expenditure without providing propose justification.
Mid Day Meal Expenses	2,49,50,000	1,24,75,000	The school has introduced new head of expenditure without providing propose justification. However, considering the nature of expenditure INR 1,24,75,000 has not been considered while deriving the fund position of the school.
Salary Arrear	10,96,21,000	10,96,21,000	Considered Separately
Salary & Wages including Allowances	8,49,60,000	31,82,547	Amount proposed by the school is quite high in comparison to expenditure incurred by the school during FY 2019-20, 2020-21 and 2021-22. Therefore, amount of INR 1,27,97,555 has not been considered while deriving the fund position of the school.
Salary- Non Teaching Staff	3,12,80,000	96,15,008	
Loss on sale of assets	15,00,000	15,00,000	Non-cash expenditure
Depreciation	2,12,50,000	2,12,50,000	

**Note 5:** While evaluating the fee hike proposal, department considers that how much liquid funds would require the school for a particular session for smooth operation without compromising with the quality of education. Thus, while deriving the fund position of the school all legitimate expenditures revenue as well as capital in accordance with the provisions DESAR, 1973 and pronouncement of Courts judgment have been considered. Therefore, balance of the other current assets other and current liabilities has not been considered. Because it is clear that the current assets, loans and advances and current liabilities are cyclic in nature and the same have already been considered in the form of budgeted income and expenditure of the school in the earlier years. Thus, current assets, loans and advances and current liabilities will always reflect in the financial statements at the end of the financial year.

**Note 6:** Salary arrears of INR 2,72,88,976 for FY 2020-21 and 2021-22 as submitted by the school has been considered while deriving the fund position.

- ii. In view of the above examination, it is evident that the school does not have adequate funds for meeting all the operational expenditures for the FY 2022-23. In this regard, the directions issued by the Directorate of Education vide circular no. 1978 dated 16.04.2010 states that,

*"All Schools must, first of all, explore and exhaust the possibility of utilising the existing funds/ reserves to meet any shortfall in payment of salary and allowances, as a consequence of increase in the salary and allowance of the employees. A part of the reserve fund which has not been utilised for years together may also be used to meet the shortfall before proposing a fee increase."*



AND WHEREAS, in the light of above evaluation which is based on the provisions of DSEA, 1973, DSER, 1973, guidelines, orders and circulars issued from time to time by this Directorate, it was recommended by the team of Chartered Accountants along with certain financial suggestions that were identified (appropriate financial impact has been taken on the fund position of the school) and certain procedural suggestions which were also noted (appropriate instructions against which have been given in this order), that the sufficient funds are not available with the School to carry out its operations for the academic session 2022-23. Accordingly, the fee increase proposal of the school may be accepted.

AND WHEREAS, it is noticed that the school has incurred INR 8,95,41,024 incurred on construction of building, payment for cars and buses and payment of interest on unsecured loans and in contravention to the provisions of DSEAR, 1973 and other orders issued by the departments from time to time. Therefore, the school is directed to recover the aforesaid amount from society/ management. The receipts along with copy of bank statements showing receipt of the above-mentioned amount should be submitted with DoE, in compliance of the same, within 30 days from the date of issue of this order. Non-compliance with this direction shall be viewed seriously as per the provision of DSEAR, 1973 without providing any further opportunity of being heard.

AND WHEREAS, it is relevant to mention charging of any arrears on account of fee for several months from the parents is not advisable, not only because of the additional sudden burden fall upon the parents/students but also as per the past experience, the benefit of such collected arrears is not passed to the teachers and staff in most of the cases as was observed by the Justice Anil Dev Singh Committee (JADSC) during the implementation of the 6<sup>th</sup> CPC. Keeping this in view, and exercising the powers conferred under Rule 43 of DSER, 1973, the Director (Education) has accepted the proposal submitted by the school and allowed an increase in fee by 15% to be effective from 01 April 2023

AND WHEREAS, recommendation of the team of Chartered Accountants along with relevant materials were put before the Director of Education for consideration and who after considering all the material on the record, and after considering the provisions of section 17 (3), 18(5), 24(1) of the DSEA, 1973 read with Rules 172, 173, 175 and 177 of the DSER, 1973 has found that funds are not available with the school for meeting financial implication for the academic session 2022-23. Hence, for smooth payment of salaries and other employee's benefit, the fee hike is required to the school.

AND WHEREAS, the school is directed, henceforth to take necessary corrective steps on the financial and other suggestion noted during the above evaluation process and submit the compliance report within 30 days from the date of issue of this order to the D.D.E (PSB)

Accordingly, it is hereby conveyed that the proposal for fee hike of **The Venkateshwar Global School (School ID - 1413289), Sector-13, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085** filled by the school in response to the Order No. F.DE.-15(40)/PSB/2019/4440-4412 dated 08.06.2022 for the academic session 2022-23, is accepted by the Director (Education) with the above conclusion and suggestions and the school is hereby allowed to increase the fee by 15% to be effective from 1 April, 2023.

Further, the management of said School is hereby directed under section 24(3) of DSEAR 1973 to comply with the following directions:

1. To increase the fee only by the prescribed percentage from the specified date.





2. To ensure payment of salary is made in accordance with the provision of Section 10(1) of the DSEA, 1973. Further, the scarcity of funds cannot be the reason for non-payment of salary and other benefits admissible to the teachers/ staffs in accordance with section 10 (1) of the DSEA, 1973. Therefore, the Society running the school must ensure payment to teachers/ staffs accordingly.

3. To utilize the fee collected from students in accordance with the provisions of Rule 177 of the DSER, 1973 and orders and directions issued by this Directorate from time to time.

Non-compliance of this order or any direction herein shall be viewed seriously and will be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of section 24(4) of Delhi School Education Act, 1973 and Delhi School Education Rules, 1973.

This is issued with the prior approval of the Competent Authority.

*Nandini*

(Nandini Maharaj)  
Additional Director of Education  
(Private School Branch)  
Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi

To  
The Manager/ HoS  
The Venkateshwar Global School (School ID - 1413289),  
Sector-13, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085

No. F.DE.15 (1328) /PSB/2023 / 3194-3198

Dated: 13/04/23

Copy to:

1. P.S. to Principal Secretary (Education), Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi.
2. P.S. to Director (Education), Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi.
3. DDE (North West- B) ensure the compliance of the above order by the school management.
4. DE's nominee concerned
5. In-charge (I.T Cell) with the request to upload on the website of this Directorate.
6. Guard file.

*Nandini*

(Nandini Maharaj)  
Additional Director of Education  
(Private School Branch)  
Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi